

# The Cevennes - A Butterfly Tour

Naturetrek Tour Report

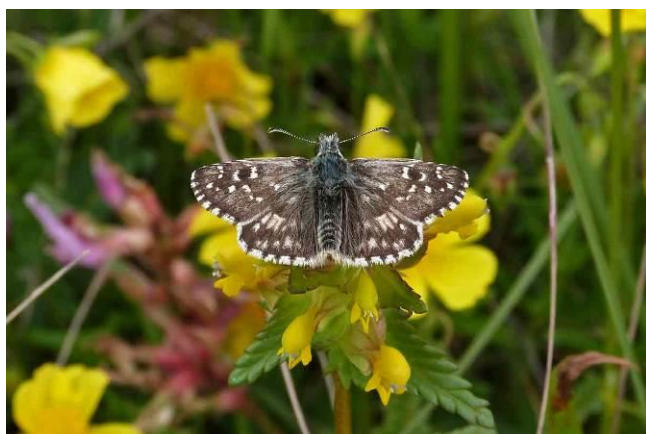
15 - 22 June 2016



Clouded Apollo



Golden Drop (*Onosma tricosperma* ssp. *fastigiata*)



Oberthur's Grizzled Skipper



Safflower Skipper

Report and images by Mark Galliot



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Tour participants: Mark Galliot (leader) with six Naturetrek clients

## Summary

Despite the unsettled weather in western Europe this spring, Chequered and Alcon Blues, Esper's Marbled White and, for the first time on this tour, Clouded Apollo were the butterfly highlights on our annual visit to this wonderfully diverse and beautiful part of France. In all, sixty species were enjoyed; other notable delights being Scarce Swallowtail, Berger's Clouded Yellow, Sooty Copper, Chapman's, Escher's, Adonis, Little and Mazarine Blues, Queen of Spain, False Heath, Meadow and Knapweed Fritillaries, Large Wall Brown, various skippers, and Western Dappled White.

As usual, the wonderfully diverse meadows, woods and cliffs were a blaze with many colourful blooms. The emblematic and increasingly threatened Lady's Slipper Orchid was the star plant attraction, still in flower at its lofty position overlooking the Tarn Gorge. Many other orchids also grew in profusion including Military, Man, Lady, Fragrant, Woodcock, Bee, Bug, Early Spider and both Lesser and Greater Butterfly Orchids. Add in some spectacular birds such as Griffon, Cinereous (Black) and Egyptian Vultures, Montagu's Harrier, Red-backed and Great Grey Shrikes, Red-billed Chough and Common Nightingale, and of course the magnificent unspoilt scenery, and one can see why this magical area is so popular for a nature holiday

## Day 1

Wednesday 15th June

Warm and sunny

The flight from the UK was slightly late landing at Montpellier airport. Mark, who lives in France, met the group after they had retrieved their baggage. We quickly loaded the minibus and were soon on our way, initially via the autoroute, before turning off and skirting Montpellier by means of the new by-pass. As we started to climb up onto the scenic Corniche des Cevennes, wonderful views started to unfold on both sides of the road with Mont Lozere to the north and Mont Aigoual to the south-west. We then descended to Florac where we crossed the River Tarnon and skirted the town past the old railway station, before turning onto the road to Cocurès. As we arrived at the hotel base for the week, la Lozerette, Pierrette, the owner was there to greet us and we were quickly allocated our rooms before enjoying the first of the week's very good dinners.

## Day 2

Thursday 16th June

Warm, sunny periods

Today, on our first full day in the field, we drove the short distance up into the hills to the south-east of Florac, stopping firstly at St Laurent-de Trêves where the 180 million year old dinosaur footprints in the exposed limestone rock caused much debate as to their origin. Our first butterflies of the week were singles of Common Blue, Small Heath and Large White. At the parking area a family of Black Redstarts delighted us, and at the same time we saw our first Griffon Vultures soaring majestically overhead. Interesting plants here were Stinking Hellebore (*Helleborus foetidus*), French Sorrel (*Rumex scutatus*), Maiden Pink (*Dianthus deltoideus*) and the lovely blue heads of the orchid-like Meadow Clary (*Salvia pratensis*).

Continuing higher, we stopped at the Col du Rey, a superb grassland site noted for its rich orchid flora and insect fauna. We were not disappointed and saw Greater Butterfly (*Platanthera chlorantha*), Burnt-tip (*Neotinea ustulata*),

Pyramidal (*Anacamptis pyramidalis*), Common Spotted (*Dactylorhiza fuchsia*), Bug (*Anacamptis cario-phora*) and Military (*Orchis militaris*) Orchids, along with the hybrid Military x Lady Orchid (*Orchis militaris* x *O. purpurea*). The endemic Cevennes Alpine Aster (*Aster alpinus* ssp *cebennensis*) and the cream-flowered Cut-leaved Self Heal (*Prunella laciniata*) were particularly conspicuous. Fritillaries were the most numerous butterflies with Knapweed, Meadow and Heath Fritillaries present, along with Wood White, Little and Adonis Blues, Red-underwing and Oberthur's Grizzled Skippers, a few Western Dappled Whites and Speckled Wood, the latter being much more orange in colour than UK specimens and easily taken for a Fritillary!

After a late picnic lunch we drove up to the nearby Col des Fesses for the rest of the afternoon, parking by a lavogne (dew pond) before doing a circular walk through scrub, woodland and meadows. Many of the larger species of butterfly were now on the wing and we enjoyed seeing Black-veined White, Berger's Clouded and Clouded Yellows, Painted Lady, Red Admiral, Meadow Brown, Wall Brown and the more discreet Brown Argus and Pearly Heath. Dragon's Teeth (*Lotus maritimus*), Montpellier Milk-vetch (*Astragalus monspessulanus*), Mountain Thrift (*Armeria arenaria*) and both Common and Hoary Rockroses (*Helianthemum nummularium* and *H. Canum*) were good plants, while a dried flower head of the Acanthus-leaved Carline Thistle (*Carlina acanthifolia*) created much interest as it is hung on the outside of the front doors in the local villages, reputedly to predict the onset of rain! A large Cinereous (Black) Vulture overhead, a pair of Northern Ravens, Tree Pipit, Woodlark and an almost continuous Common Cuckoo added avian interest before we returned to the hotel for welcome refreshment.

## Day 3

Friday 17th June

Sunny periods then rain; warm

We awoke to sunshine. After breakfast we left the hotel and followed the River Tarn down to the main road before turning left and into the entrance of a spectacular gorge which has been dramatically formed by the river running through the golden coloured limestone over many eons of time. First we had a brief stop at Pont Ispagnac, before continuing along the valley and driving down to cross the river again on a narrow pontoon bridge to enter the old village of Castelbouc, which is built around a large outcrop with a ruined castle below the towering cliffs. Here we found some of the special plants that have made the rocks and cliffs their home, including Maidenhair Fern (*Adiantum capillus-veneris*), Blue Lettuce (*Lactuca perennis*), Rock Soapwort (*Saponaria ocyroides*), Birthwort (*Aristolochia clematitis*) and the endemic Cevennes Saxifrage (*Saxifraga cebennensis*).

We then walked along a pleasant path through some abandoned terraces finding our first butterflies of the day. Black-veined White and Berger's Clouded Yellow were frequent, while new to the list were Glanville and Queen of Spain Fritillaries, and Mazarine and Chapman's Blues, the female of the latter being particularly pleasing to the eye. Red Helleborine (*Cephalanthera rubra*), and Bee Orchid (*Ophrys apifera*) were also enjoyed. Common Nightingale and Eurasian Golden Oriole were singing in the surrounding scrub along with the ubiquitous Common Cuckoo, while Common Sandpiper and White-throated Dipper were spied on the river. After lunch beside the river we drove down to the picturesque small town of Ste Enimiè where we turned left over the old stone bridge to take a winding road up onto the Causse Méjean. From a viewpoint we had spectacular views down into the gorge far below.

Next we stopped at the Col de Copernac where we were surprised to see two handsome wild Mongolian Przewalski's Horses in a field; they are being bred near here for a reintroduction programme back in their native land. Further up the track we were pleased to find more butterflies including Clouded Yellow, Common, Adonis

and Little Blues, Small and Pearly Heaths, Large Wall Brown, Grizzled, Essex and Dingy Skippers and a fleeting glimpse of the rare and elusive Esper's Marbled White. Other interesting insects were the yellow dragonfly-like Ascalaphids which are actually members of the Ant Lion family, and the Field Cricket, an almost beetle like creature with a very loud stridulation. Male Subalpine Warbler, Red Kite and a flock of Red-billed Choughs were also noted.

Storm clouds were now starting to gather all around us so we headed off across the plateau towards our hotel, stopping just once to marvel at a traditional corn field which was a fabulous mosaic of colour with blue Cornflower (*Centaurea segetum*), red Pheasant's Eye (*Adonis aestivalis*), white Annual Candytuft (*Iberis pinnata*), and yellow Corn Buttercup (*Ranunculus arvensis*) amongst many others: a truly wonderful sight!

## Day 4

Saturday 18th June

Showers then sunny periods; cool

The early rain had lowered the temperature and the vegetation was quite damp as we headed westwards for the Causse Noir, one of the most westerly of the limestone plateaux. We drove up the zig-zag road out of Florac and across part of the Causse Méjean, firstly stopping at le Villaret where the breeding programme for the Mongolian Przewalski's Horses is actually based. Unusually there were no animals, which made yesterday's unexpected sighting all the more pleasing! The only butterflies here were Black-veined White and Small Heath, but we did hear both Common Quail and Eurasian Stone-curlew calling from the valley below, and we had glimpses of Tawny Pipit and male Red-backed Shrike before it started to rain again.

Moving on, we then drove down to the pleasant town of Meyrueis in the Jonte gorge before climbing up the other side onto the Causse Noir. The sky ahead now looked much brighter and more promising. Nearing the crossroads of la Pierre des Trois Évêques (the stone of the three Bishops) we stopped to explore, noting Adonis and Common Blues and Heath, Meadow and Glanville Fritillaries. Some good plants were also enjoyed including False Sainfoin (*Vicia onobrychoides*), Golden Drop (*Onosma tricerosperma ssp fastigiata*), White Flax (*Linum suffruticosum ssp apressum*), Spanish Catchfly (*Silene otites*) and the beautiful little Blue Aphyllanthes (*Aphyllanthes monspeliensis*) before once again another sharp shower necessitated a hasty retreat back to the minibus. Thankfully it soon passed and for the rest of the day it was a case of sunny periods and cloud, although the moderate wind didn't make for ideal conditions to search for butterflies.

After another nice lunch taken around a convenient stone picnic table, we spent the rest of the afternoon exploring the grassland and woods around the villages of Luc and Veyreau, adding Safflower Skipper, Spotted Fritillary and a single Large Blue to the list, along with further sightings of Knapweed Fritillary, Black-veined White, Wall and Large Wall Browns, Painted Lady and Green Hairstreak. This area was also good for orchids with White and Sword-leaved Helleborines (*Cephalanthera damasonium* and *C. Longifolia*), Lesser Butterfly (*Plantanthera bifolia*), both Lady and Man (*Orchis purpurea* and *O. Anthropophorum*), and Early Spider (*Ophrys aranifera*) Orchids all seen for the first time. Birds were not so prominent although another Subalpine Warbler put in an appearance, and Bonelli's Warblers were everywhere making their simple little trill song.

It was time now to return back across the adjacent Causse Méjean, noting a dashing male Montagu's Harrier near the small airfield. We had a final photographic stop at the viewpoint overlooking Florac far below from the top of the zig-zag road.

## Day 5

Sunday 19th June

Showers, windy, then sunny periods, warm

With an optimistic weather forecast, we headed for the granite-topped Mont Lozère; at 1699 metres, the highest point in the Cevennes. We travelled via the upper Tarn valley and the old camisard (protestant) village of Pont de Montvert. En route we stopped in a lay-by where there were some interesting plants including the little blue Daisy-leaved Toadflax (*Anarrhinum bellidifolium*), Perennial Knawel (*Scleranthus perennis*), Adonis-leaved Ragwort (*Senecio adonifolius*) and an endemic Mignonette (*Reseda jacquinii*). At the village we had time for a quick exploration while Mark bought bread for lunch. Continuing up past the natural tree-line, we emerged into flowery upland meadows with the strange sickly aroma of the yellow Piorno Broom (*Cytisus purgans*) permeating the fresh mountain air. We stopped near a grassy 'tor' noting blue Mountain Pansies (*Viola lutea*), Bistort (*Bistorta officinalis*) and some Pheasant's Eye Narcissus (*Narcissus poetidus*) still in flower. The expected improvement in the weather had not yet reached this altitude with mist and rain now sweeping in, so after driving up to the Col de Finials (our expected destination for the rest of the day), we returned back down and at Pont de Montvert took a much lower road, hopefully to enjoy warmer and sunnier climes!

Although still a bit windy, the sunshine now enabled us to make a couple of stops before and after lunch at sheltered locations near the village of Runes, where we were able to start recording butterflies again. Green-veined White and Sooty Copper were seen for the first time, along with more views of Oberthur's Grizzled, Dingy and Red-underwing Skippers, Spotted and Meadow Fritillaries and the ubiquitous (but lovely) Black-veined White. Yellowhammer, Common Linnet and another Red-backed Shrike were welcome sightings for the birders.

After visiting the very windy standing stone (menhir) site, with superb views all around, we descended into the sheltered and warm Briançon valley for the rest of the afternoon, exploring firstly some limestone grassland and secondly some road verges on the acid schist rock. At the former many blues were on the wing with Adonis, Mazarine, Little and probably both Common and Chapman's Blues. There was a single specimen of the scarce Alcon Blue, a species which is controversial with debate about the status of that and Mountain Alcon Blue. The roadside stop also did not disappoint, being a site for the even rarer Chequered Blue, a very elusive butterfly which lives in small discrete colonies where its food plant, various stonecrop species (probably Orpine (*Hylotelephium telephium*) here), grow on warm sun-baked rocks. Ringlet was also a good find. European Honey Buzzard and Eurasian Sparrowhawk were on the wing, and good plants seen included Houseleek (*Sempervivum arachnoideum*), the strange fern Forked Spleenwort (*Asplenium septentrionale*) and Knotted Crane's-bill (*Geranium nodosum*).

## Day 6

Monday 20th June

Sunny and hot

Finally we awoke to strong sunshine. Today we were to spend the day exploring the western Causse Méjean, so after buying the bread for lunch, it was back up on to the Causse via the road from St Enimie, stopping firstly at a charming spot overlooking the small village of Rouveret. The grassland and scrub was a perfect habitat for butterflies, and so it proved with so many flying it was hard to narrow down the identification process, and also to decide which insect to point the camera at! We saw our first Scarce Swallowtail and Small Tortoiseshell, together with Berger's Clouded and Clouded Yellows, other fritillaries, blues, and Pearly and Small Heaths which

all delighting us. Mark was also able to give everyone a close view of the rare Esper's Marbled White, which we had seen fleetingly on the third day.

Moving on to the nearby Roc de Hourtous overlooking the Tarn gorge, we had a short walk to a spot where the emblematic and very twitchable (at least to botanists) Lady's Slipper Orchid (*Cypripedium calceolus*) grows at a site which is reputed to be the most westerly in mainland Europe. Other colourful plants here were a large stand of Violet Limodore (*Lomodorum abortivum*), Bearberry (*Arctostaphylos uva-ursi*), and the two Flax, Narbonne (*Linum narbonense*) and Yellow (*L. Flavum*). Butterflies were also numerous with Pearl-bordered Fritillary seen for the first time along with a good selection of other species previously recorded. Woodlark, Northern Wheatear, Eurasian Skylark and Common Whitethroat were also noted.

After a pleasant but late lunch, a short drive brought us to a flowery meadow where various blues were abundant including Chapman's, Common and Little Blues, and another fast flying Large Blue was seen. After studying images taken here back at the hotel, one person finally confirmed the only Escher's Blue of the week. This is a butterfly that we would expect to be frequent here at this time, but the very cold and wet spring had probably delayed its flight period. We then moved down to the ruined Chateau de Blanquefort, built amid a lofty jumble of huge dolomite cliffs, giving fabulous views looking down the Tarn gorge towards Le Rozier. This place is a nesting site for Griffon Vultures which were gliding majestically along the ridge, and when they occasionally landed, the shrill cry of the young birds was very audible. A splendid Southern White Admiral was a welcome addition, along with another gliding Scarce Swallowtail. Good plants here were Etruscan Honeysuckle (*Lonicera etrusca*), Curry Plant (*Helichrysum stoechas*), the little white Peaflower (*Lotus dorycnium*) and another endemic Valerian (*Centranthus lecoquii*). Unfortunately the time came to return to the hotel, but a pair of Montagu's Harriers and a Great Grey Shrike brightened up our drive back over the plateau.

## Day 7

Tuesday 21st June

### Sunny and hot

The hot sunny weather was really establishing itself now, so for our last full day in the field we headed for the other high massif in the area, Mont Aigoual, which lies to the south-west of Florac, via the Col de Purjuret. We stopped at the latter hoping to see Duke of Burgundy which is normally common at the edge of the scrub, but either it was still not warm enough or the evident recent heavy grazing by sheep had affected the habitat. So, on we went, soon reaching the car park next to the gothic-looking weather station and museum at the summit, which is apparently the wettest place in the whole of France! The views today were wonderful and we could pick out the Alps to the east and the Pyrenees in the west, with the lagoons of the Mediterranean coast also visible to the south.

We took a short circular walk, noting many Wild Tulips (*Tulipa sylvestris* ssp *australis*) amongst the stunted trees, before reaching a more open area where numerous Mountain Ringlets and Mazarine Blues were on the wing. We were astounded to see a very obliging Clouded Apollo sitting on the grass almost waiting to be photographed; this rarity not having been recorded before on this trip. Looking around, they were relatively numerous and in this instance the late spring had obviously been in our favour for this species! After finding a Tree Pipit's nest complete with four eggs, we returned to the minibus and drove down through the beech forest on the other side of the mountain to the picturesque Lac de Bonheur.

After eating our lunch on the picnic tables near the parking area, we headed for some nice meadows on the other side of the lake. Many butterflies were flying amongst the flowery vegetation with False Heath Fritillary and Purple-edged and Small Coppers being welcome additions to the list. Other sightings included Queen of Spain, Heath, Glanville, Meadow and Spotted Fritillaries, Wood White, Speckled Wood, Dingy and Red-underwing Skippers and Small Tortoiseshell. Fragrant (*Gymnadenea conopsea*), Common and Heath Spotted (*Dactylorhiza fuchsia* and *D. Maculate*) and Bug (*Anacamptis coriophora ssp. fragrans*) Orchids were the floral highlights here.

A final stop was made at Nimes le Vieux, an impressively vast jumble of large stones where the dolomitic limestone rock has been eroded over time into fantastic shapes. It was getting very hot now, but we were able to add yet another species for the week when two Graylings were observed, and an almost tame Scarce Swallowtail allowed itself to be photographed as it glided from one patch of shade to another. One final delight ensued when, on returning to the hotel and with the prospect of a cold beer almost in sight, a pair of Egyptian Vultures circled overhead. Unlike the other vulture species in the area which have all been re-introduced, these have apparently spread naturally from the south-east, a fitting end to yet another lovely day.

## Day 8

Wednesday 22nd June

### Sunny and very hot

Today an early start was required for the drive back to Montpellier airport. After saying farewell to the hotel staff we set off and took the road through the Tarnon valley and up to cross over Mont Aigoual, before plunging down to the southern foothills of the Massif and the market town of Ganges. Stopping near the Pic St Loup (a mountain), we could not fail to notice the big contrast between the dry scrubland in Mediterranean France and the green verdant vegetation of the Cevennes which we had just left behind. In this different habitat we quickly added seven new species of butterfly to the list: Great-banded Grayling, Marbled Fritillary, Blue-spot Hairstreak, Mallow and Small Skippers, Common Marbled White and at long last some magnificent Cleopatras. European Bee-eaters could be seen flying over a nearby river, and Common Nightingale, European Turtle Dove and Eurasian Golden Oriole were heard in the scrub. Two colourful plants were Pink Convolvulus (*Convolvulus cantabricus*) and Narrow-leaved Jerusalem Sage (*Phlomis lychnitis*).

After a sandwich lunch it was time to leave for the airport and our flight back to the UK where another Naturetrek adventure came to an end. Everyone agreed that it had been a very rewarding and enjoyable week in this lovely part of France.

## Naturetrek Facebook

We are delighted to launch the Naturetrek Facebook page so that participants of Naturetrek tours can remain in touch after the holiday and share photos, comments and future travel plans.

Setting up a personal profile at [www.facebook.com](http://www.facebook.com) is quick, free and easy. The [Naturetrek Facebook page](#) is now live; do please pay us a visit!

## Species Lists

Butterflies (✓=recorded but not counted)

	Common name	Scientific name	June								
			15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
1	Scarce Swallowtail	<i>Iphiclides podalirius</i>						4	2	3	
2	Clouded Apollo	<i>Parnassius mnemosyne</i>							6+		
3	Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	
4	Black-veined White	<i>Aporia crataegi</i>		12+	6+	12+	12+	24+	2	3	
5	Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	
6	Green-veined White	<i>Pieris napi</i>		✓							
7	Western Dappled White	<i>Euchloe crameri</i>		4							
8	Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias crocea</i>		2				6+	6+	3	
9	Berger's Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias australis</i>		6+	6+	1	6+	24+	6+		
10	Brimstone	<i>Gonepteryx rhamni</i>								✓	
11	Cleopatra	<i>Gonepteryx cleopatra</i>								6+	
12	Wood White	<i>Leptidea sinapis</i>		4				3	3	2	
13	Blue-spot Hairstreak	<i>Satyrium spini</i>								1	
14	Green Hairstreak	<i>Callophrys rubi</i>				1		1			
15	Small Copper	<i>Lycaena phlaeus</i>							2		
16	Sooty Copper	<i>Heodes tityrus</i>				4					
17	Purple-edged Copper	<i>Palaeochrysophanus hippothoe</i>							1		
18	Little Blue	<i>Cupido minimus</i>		6+		2	6+	30+	30+	2	
19	Alcon Blue	<i>Maculinea alcon</i>					1				
20	Large Blue	<i>Maculinea arion</i>				1		1			
21	Chequered Blue	<i>Scolitantides orion</i>					4				
22	Mazarine Blue	<i>Cyaniris semiargus</i>			1		3	1	6+		
23	Chapman's Blue	<i>Agrodiaetus thersites</i>			6+			3			
24	Brown Argus	<i>Aricia agestis</i>		✓	✓	✓			✓		
25	Escher's Blue	<i>Agrodiaetus escheri</i>						1			
26	Adonis Blue	<i>Lysandra bellargus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
27	Common Blue	<i>Polyommatus icarus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
28	Southern White Admiral	<i>Limenitis reducta</i>						1		1	
29	Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>		✓				✓	✓		
30	Painted Lady	<i>Cynthia cardui</i>		6	2	2	2	12+	12+		
31	Small Tortoiseshell	<i>Aglais urticae</i>						1	2		
32	Queen of Spain Fritillary	<i>Issoria lathonia</i>			2			2	1		
33	Marbled Fritillary	<i>Brenthis daphne</i>								1	
34	Pearl-bordered Fritillary	<i>Clossiana euphrosyne</i>						2			
35	Glanville Fritillary	<i>Melitaea cinxia</i>		2	2	4	2	2	2		
36	Knapweed Fritillary	<i>Melitaea phoebe</i>		6+	1	2		3	6+		
37	Spotted Fritillary	<i>Melitaea didyma</i>				1	2	12+	2		
38	False Heath Fritillary	<i>Melitaea diamina</i>							3		
39	Heath Fritillary	<i>Mellicta athalia</i>		6+	6+	1		6+	2		
40	Meadow Fritillary	<i>Mellicta parthenoides</i>		12+		2	2	12+	12+	2	
41	Marbled White	<i>Melanargia galathea</i>								✓	
42	Esper's Marbled White	<i>Melanargia russiae</i>			1			3			
43	Grayling	<i>Hipparchia semele</i>							2	2	
44	Great-banded Grayling	<i>Brintesia circe</i>								6+	
45	Mountain Ringlet	<i>Erebia epiphron</i>							6+		
46	Meadow Brown	<i>Maniola jurtina</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
47	Ringlet	<i>Aphantopus hyperanthus</i>					4				



	Common name	Scientific name	June								
			15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
48	Small Heath	<i>Coenonympha pamphilus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
49	Pearly Heath	<i>Coenonympha arcania</i>		2	2			4	6+		
50	Speckled Wood	<i>Pararge aegeria</i>		✓						✓	✓
51	Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
52	Large Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata maera</i>			1	3	3	3	2		
53	Grizzled Skipper	<i>Pyrgus malvae</i>			✓						
54	Oberthur's Grizzled Skipper	<i>Pyrgus armoricanus</i>		6+				6+	1		
55	Safflower Skipper	<i>Pyrgus carthami</i>				2					
56	Red-underwing Skipper	<i>Spialia Sertorius</i>		30+	12+			6+		3	
57	Mallow Skipper	<i>Carcharodus lavatherae</i>									1
58	Dingy Skipper	<i>Erynnis tages</i>		2				2		2	
59	Essex Skipper	<i>Thymelicus lineolus</i>			✓						
60	Small Skipper	<i>Thymelicus flavus</i>									✓

## Birds (H = heard only)

1	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓								
2	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	✓	✓	✓				✓		✓
3	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>		c40	8+	6+			c40	2	
4	Cinereous Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>		1							
5	Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>								2	
6	Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>			1						
7	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	2								1
8	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>				1	2	2			
9	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>		✓		✓		✓	✓	✓	
10	European Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>					1				
11	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>					1				
12	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>				✓	✓	✓			
13	Common Quail	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>			H	H		H	H		
14	Eurasian Stone-curlew	<i>Burhinus oedicnemus</i>				H					
15	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>			3						
16	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus cachinnans</i>	✓								✓
17	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
18	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
19	European Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>									H
20	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>		H		H	H	H	H	H	
21	Tawny Owl	<i>Strix aluco</i>			H						
22	European Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
23	European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>									6+
24	European Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus viridis</i>			H			1			
25	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>			H		H				
26	Eurasian Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
27	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>		H		H	H	H	H	3	
28	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
29	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
30	Northern House Martin	<i>Delichon urbica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
31	Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>				1					
32	Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>		H						3	
33	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓				✓
34	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>		✓	✓			✓	✓		
35	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>						H			
36	White-throated Dipper	<i>Cinclus cinclus</i>			1	1					

	Common name	Scientific name	June								
			15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
37	Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>								H	
38	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
39	Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>			2		1	H			
40	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
41	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>			1	12+	6	6	6		
42	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquata</i>			1		1	1			
43	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>						H			
44	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>				✓					
45	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
46	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>		H				H	H	H	H
47	Common Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia communis</i>						H	2		
48	Subalpine Warbler	<i>Sylvia cantillans</i>			1	1					
49	Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>				1	H	H	H	H	
50	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>		H	✓	H	✓	H	H		
51	Spotted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>			2						
52	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
53	Coal Tit	<i>Periparus ater</i>				H				✓	
54	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>		✓		✓	✓			✓	✓
55	Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>		✓	✓					H	
56	Red-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius collurio</i>				1	2			2	
57	Great Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius excubitor</i>						1			
58	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
59	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
60	Western Jackdaw	<i>Corvus monedula</i>		✓	✓	✓			✓		✓
61	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>			12+	6+					
62	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
63	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>		1	1			1	4		
64	Common Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
65	Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>			1						
66	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
67	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
68	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>					1		3		
69	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>		✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
70	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>		✓				✓	✓	✓	✓
71	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		✓	✓	✓		H			
72	Yellowhammer	<i>Emberiza citrinella</i>		H		2		4	2		
73	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>					H				
74	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>				2					H

## Plants

	<b>Pteridophyta</b>	<b>Ferns</b>								
	<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	Bracken		✓						
	<i>Polypodium vulgare</i>	Common Polypody					✓			
	<i>P. australe</i>	Southern Polypody			✓					
	<i>Adiantum capillus-veneris</i>	Maidenhair Fern			✓					
	<i>Asplenium adiantum-nigrum</i>	Black Spleenwort					✓			
	<i>A. ceterach</i>	Rusty-back Fern			✓					
	<i>A. ruta-muraria</i>	Wall Rue		✓						
	<i>A. septentrionale</i>	Forked Spleenwort					✓			
	<i>A. trichomanes</i>	Maidenhair Spleenwort		✓						
	<i>Dryopteris felix-mas</i>	Male Fern			✓					

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			15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
	<i>Cystopteris fragilis</i>	Brittle Bladder Fern						✓			
	<i>Oreopteris limbosperma</i>	Lemon Scented Fern		✓							
	<b>Conifers</b>										
	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	Scots Pine				✓					
	<i>P. mugo ssp uncinata</i>	Mountain Pine								✓	
	<i>P. halepensis</i>	Allepo Pine									✓
	<i>P. pinea</i>	Stone Pine									✓
	<i>P. nigra</i>	Black Pine		✓							
	<i>Juniperus communis</i>	Common Juniper		✓							
	<b>Salicaceae</b>										
	<i>Populus alba</i>	White Poplar			✓						
	<i>P. nigra</i>	Black Poplar			✓						
	<i>P. tremula</i>	Aspen			✓						
	<i>Salix fragilis</i>	Crack Willow			✓						
	<i>S. eleagnos</i>				✓						
	<b>Juglandaceae</b>										
	<i>Juglans regia</i>	Walnut		✓							
	<b>Betulaceae</b>										
	<i>Betula pendula</i>	Common Birch						✓			
	<i>Alnus glutinosa</i>	Alder			✓						
	<b>Corylaceae</b>										
	<i>Corylus avellana</i>	Hazel		✓							
	<b>Fagaceae</b>										
	<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	Beech		✓							
	<i>Castanea sativa</i>	Sweet Chestnut		✓							
	<i>Quercus petraea</i>	Sessile Oak			✓						
	<i>Q. ilex</i>	Holm/Evergreen Oak	✓								
	<i>Q. coccifera</i>	Holly/Kermes Oak			✓						
	<i>Q. pubescens</i>	Downy Oak		✓							
	<i>Q. cerris</i>	Turkey Oak							✓		
	<b>Moraceae</b>										
	<i>Ficus carica</i>	Fig		✓							
	<b>Ulmaceae</b>										
	<i>Ulmus minor</i>	Small -leaved Elm			✓						
	<i>U. glabra</i>	Wych Elm			✓						
	<b>Cannabaceae</b>										
	<i>Humulus lupulus</i>	Wild Hop			✓						
	<b>Urticaceae</b>										
	<i>Urtica dioica</i>	Nettle		✓							
	<i>Parietaria judaica</i>	Pellitory-of-the-wall			✓						

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			15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
	<b>Santalaceae</b>										
	<i>Thesium humifusum</i>	Bastard Toadflax								✓	
	<b>Loranthaceae</b>										
	<i>Viscum album</i>	Mistletoe			✓						
	<b>Aristolochiaceae</b>										
	<i>Aristolochia clematitis</i>	Birthwort			✓						
	<b>Polygonaceae</b>	<b>Dock Family</b>									
	<i>Bistorta officinalis</i>	Bistort						✓			
	<i>Rumex scutatus</i>	French Sorrel/Rubble Dock		✓							
	<i>R. acetosa</i>	Sorrel		✓							
	<i>R. acetosella</i>	Sheep's Sorrel						✓			
	<b>Caryophyllaceae</b>	<b>Pink Family</b>									
	<i>Cerastium tormentosum</i>	Snow in Summer		✓							
	<i>C. fontanum</i>	Common Mouse-ear Chickweed		✓							
	<i>C. arvense</i>	Field Mouse-ear Chickweed						✓			
	<i>Stellaria holostea</i>	Greater Stitchwort		✓							
	<i>Silene nutans</i>	Nottingham Catchfly						✓			
	<i>S. latifolia</i>	White Champion		✓							
	<i>S. italica</i>	Italian Catchfly		✓							
	<i>S. vulgaris</i>	Bladder Champion		✓							
	<i>S. otites</i>	Spanish Catchfly					✓				
	<i>S. conica</i>	Sand Catchfly			✓						
	<i>Saponaria ocymoides</i>	Rock Soapwort		✓							
	<i>Scleranthus perennis</i>	Perennial Knawel						✓			
	<i>Lychnis flos-cuculi</i>	Ragged Robin		✓							
	<i>Viscaria vulgaris</i>	Sticky Catchfly						✓			
	<i>Moehringia trinerva</i>	Three-veined Sandwort			✓						
	<i>Minuartia hybrida</i>	Fine-leaved Sandwort		✓							
	<i>Dianthus carthusianora</i>	Carthusian Pink						✓			
	<i>D. deltoides</i>	Maiden pink		✓							
	<i>Petrorhagia prolifera</i>	Proliferous Pink			✓						
	<b>Ranunculaceae</b>	<b>Buttercup Family</b>									
	<i>Helleborus foetidus</i>	Stinking Helleore		✓							
	<i>Clematis vitalba</i>	Old Man's Beard		✓							
	<i>Anemone hepatica</i>	Hepatica (leaves)								✓	
	<i>Adonis aestivalis</i>	Pheasant's Eye			✓						
	<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	Meadow Buttercup		✓							
	<i>R. arvensis</i>	Corn Buttercup			✓						
	<i>R. bulbosus</i>	Bulbous Buttercup			✓						
	<i>Ficaria verna</i>	Lesser Celandine (leaves)			✓						
	<i>Aquilegia vulgaris</i>	Columbine		✓							
	<b>Papaveraceae</b>	<b>Poppy Family</b>									
	<i>Papaver rhoeas</i>	Corn Poppy			✓						
	<i>P. dubium</i>	Long-headed Poppy			✓						

	Common name	Scientific name	June								
			15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
	<i>Chelidonium majus</i>	Greater Celandine		✓							
	<b>Brassicaceae</b>	<b>Cabbage Family</b>									
	<i>Cardamine hirsuta</i>	Hairy Bitter Cress		✓							
	<i>Lunaria annua</i>	Honesty			✓						
	<i>Alliaria petiolata</i>	Garlic Mustard		✓							
	<i>Arabis hirsuta</i>	Hairy Rockcress		✓							
	<i>Pseudoturritis turrita</i>	Tower Cress (seedheads)			✓						
	<i>Microthlaspi perfoliatum</i>	Cotswold Penny Cress (seedheads)			✓						
	<i>Isatis tinctoria</i>	Woad			✓						
	<i>Coincya monensis ssp cheiranthus</i>	Wallflower Cabbage						✓			
	<i>Alyssum allysoides</i>	Small Alyssum		✓							
	<i>Iberis pinnata</i>	Annual Candytuft			✓						
	<b>Resedaceae</b>	<b>Mignonette family</b>									
	<i>Reseda lutea</i>	Wild Mignonette			✓						
	<i>R. luteola</i>	Weld							✓		
	<i>R. jacquinii</i>	Cevennes Mignonette						✓			
	<b>Crassulaceae</b>	<b>Stonecrop Family</b>									
	<i>Sedum album</i>	White Stonecrop		✓							
	<i>S. brevifolium</i>							✓			
	<i>S. dasyphyllum</i>	Thick-leaved Stonecrop		✓							
	<i>Umbilicus rupestris</i>	Wall Pennywort			✓						
	<i>Hylotelephium telephium</i>	Orpine			✓						
	<i>Sempervivum arachnoideum</i>	a Houseleek						✓			
	<b>Cucurbitaceae</b>										
	<i>Bryonia dioica</i>	White Bryony			✓						
	<b>Grossulariaceae</b>	<b>Gooseberry Family</b>									
	<i>Ribes alpinum</i>	Mountain Currant			✓						
	<i>R. uva-crispa</i>	Wild Gooseberry			✓						
	<b>Saxifragaceae</b>	<b>Saxifrage Family</b>									
	<i>Saxifraga granulata</i>	Meadow Saxifrage			✓						
	<i>S. cebennensis</i>	Cevennes Saxifrage			✓						
	<i>S. tridactylites</i>	Rue-leaved Saxifrage			✓						
	<b>Rosaceae</b>	<b>Rose Family</b>									
	<i>Rubus fruticosus</i>	Bramble		✓							
	<i>Rosa pimpinellifolia</i>	Burnet Rose			✓						
	<i>R. canina</i>	Dog Rose			✓						
	<i>Poterium sanguisorba</i>	Salad Burnet		✓							
	<i>Potentilla reptans</i>	Creeping Cinquefoil						✓			
	<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	Wild Strawberry		✓							
	<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	Hawthorn		✓							
	<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	Mountain Ash						✓			
	<i>S. aria</i>	Whitebeam			✓						
	<i>Geum urbanum</i>	Herb Bennet			✓						

	Common name	Scientific name	June							
			15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	<i>Amelanchier ovalis</i>	Snowy Mespilus			✓					
	<i>Prunus spinosa</i>	Blackthorn		✓						
	<i>P. mahaleb</i>	St Lucie's Cherry			✓					
	<i>Alchemilla alpina</i>	Alpine lady's Mantle						✓		
	<i>Filipendula ulmaria</i>	Meadowsweet						✓		
	<i>F. vulgaris</i>	Dropwort		✓						
	<b>Fabaceae</b>	<b>Pea family</b>								
	<i>Robinia pseudacacia</i>	Robinia			✓					
	<i>Laburnum anagyroides</i>	Laburnum			✓					
	<i>Cytisus oromediterraneus</i>	Piorno Broom						✓		
	<i>C. scoparius</i>	Common Broom						✓		
	<i>C. sessilifolius</i>			✓						
	<i>Genista hispanica</i>	Spanish Gorse				✓				
	<i>Spartium junceum</i>	Spanish Broom		✓						
	<i>Astragalus monspessulanus</i>	Montpellier Milk Vetch		✓						
	<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	Bird's Foot Trefoil		✓						
	<i>L. dorycnium</i>									✓
	<i>L. maritimus</i>	Dragon's Teeth		✓						
	<i>Vicia cracca</i>	Tufted Vetch		✓						
	<i>V. onobrychoides</i>	False Sainfoin		✓						
	<i>V. lutea</i>	Yellow Vetch		✓						
	<i>V. sativa</i>	Common Vetch		✓						
	<i>V. sepium</i>	Bush Vetch			✓					
	<i>Ervilea hirsuta</i>	Hairy Tare			✓					
	<i>Ervum tetrasperma</i>	Smooth Tare			✓					
	<i>Trifolium scabrum</i>	Rough Clover			✓					
	<i>T. arvense</i>	Hare's-tail			✓					
	<i>T. pratense</i>	Red Clover		✓						
	<i>T. incarnatum</i>	Crimson Clover		✓						
	<i>T. dubium</i>	Lesser Trefoil		✓						
	<i>T. montanum</i>	Mountain Clover		✓						
	<i>T. repens</i>	White Clover		✓						
	<i>T. ochroleucum</i>	Sulphur Clover		✓						
	<i>T. campestre</i>	Hop Trefoil		✓						
	<i>Hippocrepis comosa</i>	Horse-shoe Vetch		✓						
	<i>H. emerus ssp emerus</i>	Scorpion Vetch				✓				
	<i>Onobrychis viciifolia</i>	Common Sainfoin		✓						
	<i>Melilotis officinalis</i>	Common Melilot			✓					
	<i>Medicago lupulina</i>	Black Medick				✓				
	<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i>	Kidney Vetch			✓					
	<i>A. montana</i>	Mountain Kidney Vetch				✓				
	<i>Ononis spinosa</i>	Spiny Rest-harrow			✓					
	<i>O. striata</i>				✓					
	<b>Geraniaceae</b>	<b>Geranium Family</b>								
	<i>Geranium robertianum</i>	Herb Robert		✓						
	<i>G. pyrenaicum</i>	Pyrenean Cranesbill		✓						
	<i>G. sylvaticum</i>	Wood Cranesbill						✓		
	<i>G. columbinum</i>	Long-stalked Cranesbill		✓						
	<i>G. lucidum</i>	Shining Cranesbill			✓					

	Common name	Scientific name	June										
			15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22			
	<i>G. purpureum</i>	Little Robin			✓								
	<i>G. molle</i>	Dove's-foot Cranesbill		✓									
	<i>G. nodosum</i>	Knotted Cranesbill						✓					
	<i>G. dissectum</i>	Cut-leaved Cranesbill			✓								
	<i>G. sanguineum</i>	Bloody Cranesbill			✓								
	<i>G. rotundifolium</i>	Round-leaved Cranesbill			✓								
	<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	Common Storksbill		✓									
	<b>Linaceae</b>	<b>Flax Family</b>											
	<i>Linum capanulatum</i>	Yellow Flax							✓				
	<i>L. suffruticosum ssp apressum</i>	White Flax		✓									
	<i>L. narbonense</i>	Narbonne Flax		✓									
	<b>Euphorbiaceae</b>	<b>Spurge Family</b>											
	<i>Euphorbia cyparissias</i>	Cyprus Spurge		✓									
	<i>E. peplus</i>	Petty Spurge					✓						
	<i>E. amygdaloides</i>	Wood Surge			✓								
	<i>E. seguieriana</i>	Seguier's Spurge					✓						
	<i>Mercurialis perennis</i>	Dog's Mercury						✓					
	<b>Polygalaceae</b>	<b>Milkwort Family</b>											
	<i>Polygala vulgaris</i>	Common Milkwort							✓				
	<i>P. calcarea</i>	Chalk Milkwort		✓									
	<b>Aceraceae</b>	<b>Maple Family</b>											
	<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	Sycamore					✓						
	<i>A. campestre</i>	Field Maple			✓								
	<i>A. monspessulanum</i>	Montpellier Maple			✓								
	<i>A. platanoides</i>	Norway Maple						✓					
	<b>Balsaminaceae</b>												
	<i>Impatiens glandulifera</i>	Himalayan Balsam (leaves)			✓								
	<i>I. balfourii</i>	Kashmir Balsam (leaves)			✓								
	<b>Celastraceae</b>												
	<i>Euonymus europaeus</i>	Spindle Tree			✓								
	<b>Buxaceae</b>	<b>Box Family</b>											
	<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>	Box			✓								
	<b>Vitaceae</b>												
	<i>Vitis vinifera</i>	Wild Vine			✓								
	<b>Tiliaceae</b>	<b>Lime Family</b>											
	<i>Tilia platyphyllos</i>	Large-leaved Lime							✓				
	<i>Tilia x vulgaris</i>	Common Lime			✓								
	<b>Malvaceae</b>	<b>Mallow Family</b>											
	<i>Malva sylvestris</i>	Common Mallow			✓								
	<i>M. parviflora</i>	Small Mallow			✓								
	<i>M. neglecta</i>	Dwarf mallow						✓					

	Common name	Scientific name	June								
			15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
	<i>M. setigera</i>	Hairy Mallow			✓						
	<i>M. moschata</i>	Musk Mallow						✓			
	<b>Thymelaceae</b>	<b>Daphne Family</b>									
	<i>Daphne laureola</i>	Spurge Laurel								✓	
	<b>Hypericaceae</b>	<b>St John'swort Family</b>									
	<i>Hypericum perforatum</i>	Perforate St John'swort			✓						
	<b>Violaceae</b>	<b>Violet Family</b>									
	<i>Viola riviniana</i>	Common Dog violet								✓	
	<i>V. lutea</i>	Mountain Pansy						✓			
	<i>V. tricolor</i>	Heart's-ease			✓						
	<i>V. arvensis</i>	Field Violet			✓						
	<b>Cistaceae</b>	<b>Cistus Family</b>									
	<i>Helianthemum appeninum</i>	White Rockrose			✓						
	<i>H. canum</i>	Hoary Rockrose		✓							
	<i>H. nummularium</i>	Common Rockrose		✓							
	<b>Onagraceae</b>	<b>Willowherb Family</b>									
	<i>Epilobium angustifolium</i>	Rosebay Willowherb						✓			
	<i>Oenothera biennis</i>	Evening Primrose			✓						
	<b>Cornaceae</b>	<b>Dogwood Family</b>									
	<i>Cornus mas</i>	Cornelian Cherry			✓						
	<i>C. sanguinea</i>	Common Dogwood			✓						
	<b>Apiaceae</b>	<b>Carrot Family</b>									
	<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>	Cow Parsley		✓							
	<i>Conopodium majus</i>	Pignut		✓							
	<i>Caucalis platycarpus</i>	Small Bur Parsley			✓						
	<i>Chaerophyllum temulum</i>	Rough Chervil			✓						
	<i>Eryngium campestre</i>	Field Eryngo		✓							
	<i>Trinia glauca</i>	Honewort		✓							
	<i>Heracleum sphondylium ssp sibiricum</i>	Hogweed (yellow flowered)			✓						
	<i>Petroselinum crispum</i>	Wild Parsley			✓						
	<i>Scandix pecten-veneris</i>	Shepherd's Needle			✓						
	<i>Meum athamanticum</i>	Baldmoney/Spignel						✓			
	<i>Laserpitium gallicum</i>	French Sermountain							✓		
	<i>L. latifolia</i>	Broad-leaved Sermountain							✓		
	<i>Molopospermum peloponnesiacum</i>	Molopospermum (Molly)						✓			
	<i>Bupleurum baldense</i>	Narrow Hare's-ear			✓						
	<b>Ericaceae</b>	<b>Heather Family</b>									
	<i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i>	Bearberry							✓		
	<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>	Ling				✓					
	<i>Erica cineria</i>	Bell Heather						✓			
	<b>Primulaceae</b>	<b>Primrose Family</b>									



	Common name	Scientific name	June									
			15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
	<i>Primula veris</i>	Cowslip		✓								
	<i>Lysimachia arvensis</i>	Scarlet Pimpernel			✓							
	<i>L. foemina</i>	Blue Pimpernel			✓							
	<b>Plumbaginaceae</b>	<b>Thrift Family</b>										
	<i>Armeria arenaria</i>	Mountain Thrift		✓								
	<b>Oleaceae</b>											
	<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	Ash		✓								
	<i>Ligustrum vulgare</i>	Privet			✓							
	<b>Gentianaceae</b>											
	<i>Gentiana lutea</i>	Large Yellow Gentian									✓	
	<b>Apocynaceae</b>											
	<i>Vincetoxicum hirundinaria</i>	Swallow-wort		✓								
	<b>Rubiaceae</b>	<b>Bedstraw family</b>										
	<i>Rubia peregrina</i>	Wild Madder									✓	
	<i>Cruciata laevipes</i>	Crosswort						✓				
	<i>Gallium mollugo</i>	Hedge Bedstraw		✓								
	<i>G. aparine</i>	Goosegrass			✓							
	<i>G. pumilum</i>	Slender Bedstraw		✓								
	<i>G. saxatile</i>	Heath Bedstraw						✓				
	<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>	Field Madder			✓							
	<b>Convolvulaceae</b>	<b>Bindweed family</b>										
	<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>	Field Bindweed		✓								
	<i>C. cantabrica</i>	Pink Convolvulus			✓							
	<b>Boraginaceae</b>	<b>Borage Family</b>										
	<i>Echium vulgare</i>	Vipers Bugloss		✓								
	<i>Onosma tricosperma ssp fastigiatum</i>	Golden Drop				✓						
	<i>Myosotis arvensis</i>	Field Forget-me-not		✓								
	<i>M. sylvatica</i>	Wood Forget-me-not						✓				
	<i>M. laxa</i>	Tufted Forget-me-not						✓				
	<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>	Corn Gromwell			✓							
	<i>Lycopsis arvensis</i>	Field Bugloss			✓							
	<b>Lamiaceae</b>	<b>Mint Family</b>										
	<i>Clinopodium acinos</i>	Basil Thyme			✓							
	<i>C. vulgare</i>	Wild Basil		✓								
	<i>Ajuga reptans</i>	Common Bugle		✓								
	<i>A. genevensis</i>	Blue Bugle				✓						
	<i>Melittis melissophyllum</i>	Bastard Balm						✓				
	<i>Salvia pratensis</i>	Meadow Clary		✓								
	<i>Origanum vulgare</i>	Marjoram			✓							
	<i>Lamium maculatum</i>	Spotted Deadnettle			✓							
	<i>Stachys recta</i>	Yellow Woundwort			✓							
	<i>Thymus serpyllum</i>	Breckland Thyme		✓								

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			15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	<i>T. polytrichus</i>	Common Thyme			✓					
	<i>Prunella laciniata</i>	Cut-leaved Self-heal			✓					
	<i>P. grandiflora</i>	Large Self-heal				✓				
	<b>Scrophulariaceae</b>	<b>Figwort Family</b>								
	<i>Scrophularia canina</i>	French Figwort			✓					
	<i>S. nodosa</i>	Common Figwort					✓			
	<i>Verbascum pulverulentum</i>	Hoary Mullein		✓						
	<i>V. phlomoides</i>	Orange Mullein			✓					
	<b>Orobanchaceae</b>	<b>Broomrape Family</b>								
	<i>Orobanche alba</i>	Thyme Broomrape			✓					
	<i>O. purpureum</i>	Yarrow Broomrape					✓			
	<i>O. rapum-genistae</i>	Great Broomrape				✓				
	<i>O. caryophyllacea</i>	Bedstraw Broomrape					✓			
	<i>Euphrasia officinalis agg</i>	Eyebright				✓				
	<i>Rhinanthus minor</i>	Yellow Rattle		✓						
	<b>Plantaginaceae</b>	<b>Plantain Family</b>								
	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Ribwort plantain		✓						
	<i>P. major</i>	Great Plantain		✓						
	<i>P. media</i>	Hoary Plantain		✓						
	<i>P. holosteum</i>									✓
	<i>Antirrhinum majus</i>	Large Snapdragon			✓					
	<i>Anarrhinum bellidifolium</i>	Daisy-leaved Toadflax					✓			
	<i>Linaria supina</i>	Dwarf Toadflax			✓					
	<i>L. repens</i>	Striped Toadflax			✓					
	<i>Globularia bisnagarica</i>	Common Globularia			✓					
	<i>Veronica persica</i>	Common Speedwell		✓						
	<i>V. chamaedrys</i>	Germander Speedwell								✓
	<i>V. prostrata</i>	a Speedwell			✓					
	<i>V. serpyllifolia</i>	Thyme-leaved Speedwell			✓					
	<i>Erinus alpinus</i>	Fairy Foxglove								✓
	<i>Cymbalaria muralis</i>	Ivy-leaved Toadflax			✓					
	<i>Chaenorhinum origanifolium</i>	Malling Toadflax			✓					
	<b>Caprifoliaceae</b>	<b>Honeysuckle Family</b>								
	<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	Elder		✓						
	<i>Lonicera periclymenum</i>	Honeysuckle		✓						
	<i>L. etrusca</i>	Etruscan Honeysuckle			✓					
	<i>Viburnum lantana</i>	Wayfaring Tree			✓					
	<i>Centranthus rubra</i>	Red Valerian		✓						
	<i>C. lecoquii</i>	an endemic valerian							✓	
	<i>V. rimosa</i>	Narrow-fruited Corn Salad			✓					
	<i>Dipsacus fullonius</i>	Teasel					✓			
	<i>Knautia dipsacifolia</i>	Wood Scabious		✓						
	<b>Campanulaceae</b>	<b>Bellflower Family</b>								
	<i>Campanula rapunculoides</i>	Creeping Bellflower			✓					
	<i>C. rotundifolia</i>	Harebell			✓					
	<i>Phyteuma spicatum</i>	Spiked Rampion			✓					

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			15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
	<i>P. orbiculare</i>	Round-headed Rampion		✓							
	<i>Legousia speculum-veneris</i>	Large Venus's Looking-glass			✓						
	<b>Asteraceae</b>	<b>Daisy Family</b>									
	<i>Bellis perennis</i>	Daisy		✓							
	<i>Matricaria discoidea</i>	Pineapple Weed			✓						
	<i>Antennaria dioica</i>	Cat's Foot								✓	
	<i>Anthemis arvensis</i>	Corn Chamomile			✓						
	<i>Aster alpinus ssp cebennensis</i>	Alpine Aster		✓							
	<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>	Ox-eye Daisy		✓							
	<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Yarrow		✓							
	<i>Inula montana</i>				✓						
	<i>Lapsana communis</i>	Nipplewort		✓							
	<i>Carlina acanthifolia</i>	Acanthus-leaved Carline Thistle		✓							
	<i>Centaurea segetum</i>	Cornflower			✓						
	<i>C. nigra</i>	Common Knapweed			✓						
	<i>C. scabiosa</i>	Greater Knapweed			✓						
	<i>C. solstitialis</i>	Yellow Star-thistle								✓	
	<i>Tragopodon pratensis</i>	Goatsbeard		✓							
	<i>Doronicum parlianches</i>	Leapard's-bane			✓						
	<i>Helichrysum stoechas</i>						✓				
	<i>Lactuca perennis</i>	Blue Lettuce			✓						
	<i>L. serriola</i>	Prickly Lettuce		✓							
	<i>L. virosa</i>	Great Lettuce						✓			
	<i>Urospermum dalechampeii</i>							✓			
	<i>Pilosella officinarum</i>	Mouse-ear Hawkweed		✓							
	<i>Sonchus asper</i>	Prickly Sow-thistle			✓						
	<i>S. oleraceus</i>	Smooth Sow-thistle			✓						
	<i>Cicorium intybus</i>	Chicory								✓	
	<i>Senecio adonifolius</i>	Adonis-leaved Ragwort						✓			
	<i>Carthamus mitissimus</i>			✓							
	<i>Rhaponticum coniferum</i>								✓		
	<b>Liliaceae</b>	<b>Lily Family</b>									
	<i>Aphyllanthes monspelliensis</i>	Blue Aphyllanthes					✓				
	<i>Asphodelus albus</i>	White Asphodel (seedheads)								✓	
	<i>Anthericum liliago</i>	St Bernard's Lily						✓			
	<i>A. ursinum</i>	Wild Garlic			✓						
	<i>Convallaria majus</i>	Lily-of-the-valley (leaves)							✓		
	<i>Tulipa sylvestris ssp australis</i>	Wild Tulip								✓	
	<i>Ornithogalum umbellatum</i>	Star of Bethlehem		✓							
	<i>M. comosum</i>	Tassle Hyacinth		✓							
	<i>Ruscus aculeatus</i>	Butchers Broom			✓						
	<i>Colchicum autumnale</i>	Meadow Saffron (leaves)			✓						
	<b>Dioscoreaceae</b>	<b>Yam Family</b>									
	<i>Dioscoria communis</i>	Black Bryony					✓				
	<b>Amaryllidaceae</b>										

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			15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22			
	<i>Narcissus poeticus</i>	Poet's/ Pheasant's Eye Narcissus						✓					
	<b>Graminae</b>	<b>Grass Family</b>											
	<i>Arundo donax</i>	Giant Reed	✓										
	<i>Briza media</i>	Quaking Grass		✓									
	<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Cocksfoot		✓									
	<i>Poa annua</i>	Annual Meadow Grass		✓									
	<i>Stipa pennata</i>	Feather Grass		✓									
	<i>Hordeum murinum</i>	Wall Barley			✓								
	<i>Festuca vivipara</i>	Viviparous Fescue										✓	
	<i>F. rubra</i>	Red Fescue		✓									
	<b>Cyperaceae</b>												
	<i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i>	Cotton Grass						✓					
	<i>Luzula campestris</i>	Field Woodrush							✓				
	<i>L. multiflora</i>	Heath Woodrush						✓					
	<i>L. nivea</i>	Snowy Woodrush										✓	
	<i>Carex spicata</i>	Spiked Sedge						✓					
	<i>C. caryophyllacea</i>	Spring Sedge		✓									
	<i>C. pendula</i>	Drooping Sedge			✓								
	<b>Orchidaceae</b>	<b>Orchid Family</b>											
	<i>Cephalanthera damasonium</i>	White Helleborine				✓							
	<i>C. longifolia</i>	Sword-leaved Helleborine				✓							
	<i>C. rubra</i>	Red Helleborine			✓								
	<i>Epipactis atrorubens</i>	Dark Red Helleborine		✓									
	<i>Limodorum abortivum</i>	Violet Limodore			✓	✓			✓				
	<i>Neottia nidus-avis</i>	Bird's Nest Orchid				✓							
	<i>N. ovata</i>	Twayblade		✓		✓			✓	✓			
	<i>Plantanthera chlorantha</i>	Greater Butterfly Orchid		✓		✓			✓	✓			
	<i>P. bifolia</i>	Lesser Butterfly Orchid				✓							
	<i>Dactylorhiza maculata</i>	Heath Spotted Orchid						✓				✓	
	<i>D. fuschii</i>	Common Spotted Orchid		✓	✓	✓			✓	✓			
	<i>Himantoglossum hircinum</i>	Lizard Orchid		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
	<i>Anacamptis pyramidalis</i>	Pyramidal Orchid		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
	<i>Orchis mascula</i>	Early Purple Orchid		✓								✓	
	<i>O. morio</i>	Green-winged Orchid		✓	✓							✓	
	<i>O. militaris</i>	Military Orchid		✓	✓	✓						✓	
	<i>O. anthropophorum</i>	Man Orchid				✓			✓	✓			
	<i>O. purpurea</i>	Lady Orchid				✓	✓					✓	
	<i>O. ustulata</i>	Burnt-tip orchid		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	
	<i>O. militaris</i> x <i>O. purpurea</i>	a hybrid		✓									
	<i>Ophrys scolopax</i>	Woodcock Orchid		✓		✓			✓	✓			
	<i>O. apifera</i>	Bee Orchid			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
	<i>O. sphegoides</i>	Early Spider Orchid				✓							
	<i>Gymnadenia odoratissima</i>	Fragrant Orchid				✓			✓	✓			
	<i>Cypripedium calceolus</i>	Lady's Slipper Orchid							✓				

## Other Invertebrates

Violet Carpenter Bee, *Xylocopa violacea*Ascalaphid, *Libelloides coccajus*

Field Cricket, *Grillus campestris*  
 Dor Beetle, *Geotrupes stercorarius*  
 6-spot Burnet Moth, *Zygaena filipendulae*  
 Treble-bar Moth, *Aplocera plagiata*  
 Lace Border Moth, *Scopula ornata*  
 Small Grass Emerald, *Chlorissa viridata*  
 Common Heath Moth, *Ematurga atomaria*  
 Clouded Buff Moth, *Diacrisia sannio*  
 Black-veined Moth, *Siona lineata*  
 Cinnabar Moth, *Tyria jacobaea*  
 Chimney Sweeper Moth, *Odezia atrata*  
 Broad-bordered Bee Hawk-moth, *Hemaris fuciformis*  
 Drinker Moth (larva), *Euthrix potatoria*  
 Silver Y Moth, *Autographa gamma*  
 Red-veined Darter, *Sympetrum fonscolombii*  
 Broad-bodied Chaser, *Libellula depressa*  
 Mayfly, *Ephemeroptera sp*  
 Lacewing, *Chrysopidae sp*  
 AC Milan Shield Bug, *Graphosoma italicum*

Pollen Beetle, *Mylabris polymorpha*  
 Roman Snail, *Helix pomatia*  
 Mother Shipton Moth, *Callistege mi*  
 Dark Spinach Moth, *Pelurga comitata*  
 July Belle Moth, *Scotopteryx luridata*  
 Latticed Heath Moth, *Chiasmia clathmata*  
 Yellow Shell Moth, *Camptogramma bilineata*  
 Scarlet Tiger Moth, *Callimorpha dominula*  
 Heart and Dart Moth, *Agrotis clavus*  
 Speckled Yellow Moth, *Pseudopanthera macularia*  
 Humming-bird Hawk-moth, *Macroglossum stellatarum*  
 Fox Moth (larva), *Macrothylacia rubi*  
 Forester Moth, *Adscita sp*  
 Bee Fly, *Bombylius sp*  
 Beautiful Demoiselle, *Calypteryx virgo*  
 Caddis Fly, *Limnephilidae sp*  
 Robber Fly, *Asilidae sp*  
 Yellow Crab Spider, *Misumena vatia*  
 a Squash Bug, *Verlusea rhombea*

## Reptiles

Wall Lizard, *Podarcis muralis*

Green Lizard, *Lacerta viridis*

## Fish

Brown Trout, *Salmo trutta*

## Mammals

Common Hare, *Lepus europaeus*



Bug Orchid (*Anacamptis coreofoera*)



Lady's Slipper Orchid (*Cypripedium calceolus*)

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