

MAY 2023 ESCAMBIA COUNTY
MASTER GARDENER VOLUNTEERS PLANT SALE

<p>Parlor maple (<i>Abutilon</i> sp.) Somewhat tender woody perennial that can grow up to 6 feet in height; Multi-branched. Full sun to partial shade; Pendulous flowers are orange. Average moisture.</p>		
<p>Red Buckeye (<i>Aesculus pavia</i>) Multi-stemmed tree or shrub, 12-20 feet; Grows in full sun to light shade; Flowers in late winter with red spikes, US Native</p>		
<p>Dutchman's Pipe: (<i>Aristolochia</i> sp.) Deciduous, woody, climbing vine; Prefers rich, moist well drained soil and full sun to part shade; Flowers are yellow-greenish with brownish-purple lobes; Appear May to June; All parts of plant are poisonous</p>		StadtkatzeCC BY-NC-SA 2.0 CC BY-NC-SA 2.0
<p>Ajuga: (<i>Ajuga repens</i>) Evergreen groundcover; Part sun to partial shade; Average water and well drained soils. 4 to 6 inches in height; Purple blooms in spring attractive to bees.</p>		
<p>Alternanthera Purple Knight (<i>Alternanthera dentata</i>) Annual for foliage color; Full sun to partial shade; Average water; 3-4 feet in height and spread</p>		

<p>Amsonia Blue Star (<i>Amsonia tabernaemontana</i>)</p> <p>Native to the U.S. Bluish flowers appear in late winter/early spring. A native plant that likes part sun and moist soils. Attracts bees.</p>		
<p>Milkweed, tropical: (<i>Asclepias curassavica</i>)</p> <p>Tender perennial or annual. Full sun with average water; 2.5 -3 feet in height; Host plant for monarch. Must cut plants to the ground when butterflies migrating in fall.</p>		
<p>Common milkweed: (<i>Asclepias syriaca</i>)</p> <p>Grows 2-3' tall in dry to medium well-drained soil; likes full sun; blooms June thru Aug and are pink, mauve; will self-seed.</p>		<p style="text-align: right;">James Van GundyCC BY-NC-ND 2.0</p>
<p>Yesterday, today, and tomorrow (<i>Brunfelsia grandiflora</i>)</p> <p>Flowering shrub, purple flowers fade to white; Tender perennial, needs cold protection; Likes morning sun, afternoon shade; and moist, well drained soil. Can reach 6-8 ft high</p>		

<p>Catalpa (<i>Catalpa speciosa</i>)</p> <p>Tree can grow to height of 40-60 feet with 20-40 ft spread; Prefers full sun, tolerates part shade; Will begin flowering about 7 years after being planted; Flowers attract hummingbirds & bees; host of catalpa sphinx moth</p>  <p>Lisa Brown CC BY-NC 2.0</p>	 <p>Jim Lawrence CC BY-NC-ND 4.0</p>
<p>Blue mistflower (<i>Conoclinium coelestinum</i>)</p> <p>Annual wildflower for moist soils. Grows in full sun or partial shade. Light purple flowers form in late summer and fall. Grows about 2 feet in height</p>	
<p>Georgia Savory (<i>Clinopodium georgianum</i>) non edible</p> <p>Native Evergreen but foliage tips may burn in a hard freeze; Full sun to partial shade; Well drained; Drought tolerant once established; Does not like routine water; Attracts bees in later winter with white flowers;</p>	
<p>Coreopsis, lance-leaved, Tickseed (<i>Coreopsis lanceolata</i>)</p> <p>Native reseeding annual with bright yellow flowers in spring. Plants grow 1-2 feet in height; Full sun and prefers moist, well drained soil.</p>	

<p>Giant Crinum (<i>Crinum asiaticum</i>) Giant crinum grows 4-5 feet tall, with 5-6' white flower spikes. Grows in full sun to part shade, and likes moist, rich soil. Will die back in winter</p>	
<p>Crinum lily (<i>Crinum powelli</i>) Found throughout Southern gardens, grows best in part shade but will grow anywhere. Foliage may die back in winter. Flower stalks can be 2-4' high once established.</p>	
<p>Datura sp Prefers full sun and well-drained soil; Drought tolerant once established; Erect trumpet shaped flowers after dusk; Can grow 5 ft tall; Sap can cause rash; Seeds and flowers are toxic</p>	
<p>Hummingbird Plant (<i>Dicliptera squarrosa</i>) Perennial may have damage during hard freeze; Full sun to partial shade; Average water with well drained soils; 2 feet in height, wider spread. Silvery gray foliage. Orange tubular flowers. Attracts hummingbirds and butterflies.</p>	

<p>False hosta (<i>Drimiopsis maculata</i>) Warm season plant that fades in winter but returns; sun to partial shade; 6 inches in height; flower stalks above foliage with white flower.</p>	
<p>Fennel (<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>) Requires plenty of sun & water; takes about 3 months til plants are ready to harvest; Is a host plant for caterpillars of the black swallowtail butterfly</p>	
<p>Blanket flower (<i>Gaillardia pulchella</i>) Native reseeding annual; Full sun; Average, well drained soil; Drought tolerant once established; 1.5-2 feet in height; Showy orange, red, and yellow flowers. Attracts bees and butterflies;</p>	
<p>Firebush (<i>Hamelia patens patens</i>) Semi-woody shrub that blooms best in full sun; Produces bright red orange flowers in late spring til frost; Attracts hummingbirds & butterflies, and birds will eat the berries. Tolerant of salt spray. Will die back in winter but comes back in the spring.</p>	

<p>Ginger, Bottlebrush (<i>Hedychium coccineum</i>) Grows 4-5 ft tall: in part shade to full shade; Orange or red/orange flowers with 'whiskers' in summer through fall; Average moisture, well- drained soil.</p>		
<p>Ginger, Butterfly (<i>Hedychium coronarium</i>) Grows 4-6 ft tall; Sun to part shade; White flowers are very fragrant in summer through fall; Likes amended soil with some moisture but well drained; Plant may need staking later in the season.</p>		
<p>Sunflower, narrow-leaved (<i>Helianthus angustifolius</i>) Native perennial to 5 feet in height. Full sun or partial shade. Grows well in moist locations or irrigated landscapes. Yellow blooms form in fall.</p>		
<p>Cranberry Hibiscus (<i>Hibiscus acetosella</i>) Generally an annual; Full sun to partial shade; Average water and well drained soils; 5-6 feet in height; Maroon foliage; needs support. Pink flowers form in early spring and in fall.</p>		
<p>Texas Star Hibiscus (<i>Hibiscus coccineus</i>) Multi-stemmed frost tender perennial. Grows to 5 ft tall; Prefers moist soil, Sun to part shade; Large red flowers in summer; attracts butterflies and bees.</p> <p><i>White version available</i></p>		<p>Hope Duckworth CC BY 4.0</p>

<p>Crimson-eyed Rose Mallow (<i>Hibiscus moscheutos</i>)</p> <p>Shrubby perennial growing 3-6' tall; Large, creamy white to pink flowers with red eye from midsummer to early fall; Likes sun, part shade and moist to wet soil; attracts hummingbirds</p>	 Andrew Cannizzaro CC BY 2.0
<p>Swamp Rose Mallow (<i>Hibiscus moscheutos subsp. palustris</i>)</p> <p>Tall shrub with pink blooms with darker red centers from July to Sept; Likes full sun and medium to wet soil; Grows to 7 ft high</p> <p>Hibiscus moscheutos subsp. palustris - Plant Finder (missouribotanicalgarden.org)</p>	
<p>Roselle Hibiscus (<i>Hibiscus sabdariffa</i>)</p> <p>Annual edible hibiscus that grows at least 6 feet tall. Multi-stemmed plant needs support. Flowers form when days are short. Red calyces are used to make tea and for jams. Grows in full sun with regular water.</p>	
<p>Japanese lantern Hibiscus (<i>Hibiscus schizopetalus</i>)</p> <p>Leggy shrub growing 6- 8' tall; Has dangling red or pink flowers up to 6" long; Flowers better if left unpruned; Prefers full sun and lots of moisture; May die back in winter with frost.</p>	

<p>Oakleaf Hydrangea (<i>Hydrangea quercifolia</i>) A native, deciduous shrub that grows 6-12 feet high, forming a large clump. Showy white flowers appear in late spring and summer. Prefers part shade and moist, well drained soil.</p>	
<p>Moonflower, vine (<i>Ipomoea alba</i>) Annual vine that grows to 15 feet, needs support. Likes full to part sun. Will bloom July thru mid-October with large fragrant white flowers that show up at night. Attracts moths</p>	
<p>Siberian Iris (<i>Iris sibirica</i>) Medium tall, clump-forming plant that grows 2-3' tall; It likes moist soils and flowers best in full sun but likes afternoon shade in hot areas; needs a cold period in winter to bloom well.</p>	
<p>Justicia, white (<i>Justicia betonica</i>) Perennial or annual depending on the winter; Partial shade; Average water; 3-4 feet in height; White bracts with small pink flowers.</p>	
<p>Justicia red shrimp (<i>Justicia brandegeana</i>) Returning perennial during winters with a frost; Partial shade, at least in the afternoon; Regular water with well drained soils. Red bracts with red and white flowers.</p>	

<p>Justicia, shrimp plant (<i>Justicia brandegeana</i>) Fruit Cocktail) Tender perennial to about 18 inches in height; Attracts pollinators and hummingbirds ; Full sun or partial shade.</p>		
<p>Justicia Summer Sun (<i>Justicia leonardii</i>) Tender perennial, likes full sun, will tolerate a little shade; grows 2-3' high with a 3-4' spread; has average water needs. Attracts bees & butterflies</p>		
<p>Justicia Orange Flame (<i>Justicia 'Orange Flame'</i>) Tender perennial with glossy green leaves; Partial shade; 2-3 feet in height; Bright orange tubular flowers; Average moisture, well drained soil. Attractive to hummingbirds and pollinators. https://www.almostedenplants.com/shopping/products/10102-orange-flame-justicia-golden-crown-jacobinia-yellow-crowned-justicia/</p>		
<p>Ginger, Peacock (<i>Kaempferia pulchra</i>) An attractive shade groundcover that's very easy to grow. Grows 6 inches tall with lavender flowers in late spring and summer. Foliage will die back in winter.</p>		
<p>Lion's ear: (<i>Leonitis leonurus</i>) Tender perennial that returns; Full sun ideal or partial shade. Drought tolerant once established; 4 feet in height; Showy orange flowers in later summer/fall. Attracts bees, butterflies, and hummingbirds.</p>		

<p>Daisy, Oxeye (<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>) Semi-evergreen clumping groundcover; Morning sun best; Moist, well drained soils; White daisy flowers in spring.</p>		
<p>Powderpuff Mimosa (<i>Mimosa strigillosa</i>) Native groundcover that grows very well. For large grass areas. Pink flowers in spring and sporadically in warmer season. Pollinator plant. Frost sensitive but returns.</p>		
<p>Spotted horsemint (<i>Monarda punctata</i>) Native perennial, 2 to 4 feet tall, Aromatic for sun or partial shade area. Benefits from some moisture with well drained soils. Favorite of many pollinators.</p>		
<p>Bamboo muhly (<i>Muhlenbergia dumosa</i>) Grass may freeze back but returns; Clumping; Full sun; Average water with well drained soils; 5-6 feet in height; Fine textured foliage.</p>		

<p>Red Banana (<i>Musa bordelon</i>)</p> <p>Ornamental banana that grows up to 15 ft tall; leaves are marked with maroon splotches and undersides; Grows best in full sun; moist, not wet, soil; Fertilize 4x/year.</p>		
<p>Walking Iris (<i>Neomarica</i> sp.)</p> <p>Clumping perennials with long, glossy green leaves and small iris like flowers that come in white, yellow and purple; Grows in part to full shade and likes moist conditions; Freezes to the ground in cold winters, but will come back in spring.</p>	 	
<p>Basil (<i>Ocimum basilicum</i>)</p> <p>Basil prefers full sun & moist, well-drained soils. Pinch the tips of long stems and remove any flower buds to promote bushy form.</p>		
<p>African blue basil (<i>Ocimum kilimandscharicum</i> x <i>basilicum</i>)</p> <p>Tender perennial or annual; Full sun; Average water; Up to 2 feet in height; Violet/lavender flowers. Attracts bees and butterflies. Foliage has a camphor scent.</p>		
<p>Firespike, purple: (<i>Odontonema callystachyum</i>) Tender perennial that returns; Partial shade with morning sun only; Average water with well drained soils; 3-5 feet in height; Purple flowers in winter. Bees, butterflies, and hummingbirds.</p>		

Firespike, red: (*Odontonema strictum*)

Tender perennial that dies back in winter; Full sun to Partial shade; Average water with well drained soils; 3-5 feet in height; Red flowers in fall. Attracts bees, butterflies, and hummingbirds.



Pentas: (*Pentas lanceolata*) Generally an annual; full sun; Average water with well drained soil; 3 feet; Red, star shaped flowers that bloom consistently in growing season; Attracts bees & butterflies.

**Frogfruit (*Phyla nodiflora*)**

Groundcover to mix with existing turf or in beds. Small matchhead like flowers. Adaptable to moist soils and full sun/partial shade. Butterfly host plant.

**Black Eyed Susan (*Rudbeckia fulgida Goldsturm*)**

Large clusters of yellow flowers appears mid-summer into fall; Attracts butterflies and birds, Grows 2-3 ft high and likes full sun. Seed heads provide winter food for birds.



<p>Coneflower, Cutleaf (<i>Rudbeckia laciniata</i>) Perennial that grows between 4 and 6 feet in height; Yellow bloom stalks form in mid-summer; Best in partial sun with moist soils; Attracts many pollinators</p>	
<p>Spikemoss or Peacock Fern, <i>Selaginella</i> sp. Feathery groundcover for shade. Provide some moisture. Evergreen</p>	
<p>Russelia, Firecracker (<i>Russelia equisetiformis</i>) Freeze tender perennial with cascading growth habit; Small narrow leaves on green stems and red tubular flowers; Stems touching ground often root to form new clumps; Drought tolerant once established. Attractive to hummingbirds.</p>	
<p>Russelia, Red Rocket (<i>Russelia sarmentosa</i>) Returning perennial forming clumping upright stems to about 3-4 feet. Full sun and well drained soils. Spikes of red flowers during summer and fall attractive to pollinators and hummingbirds.</p>	
<p>Salvia, Scarlett (<i>Salvia coccinea</i>) Reseeding annual or returning perennial; Sun or partial shade. Grows up to 2 feet. Native plant.</p>	

<p>Salvia, Black and Blue (<i>Salvia guaranitica</i>) Frost tender perennial that grows in full sun or part shade. Has dark purple flower stalks that attract hummingbirds, bees and butterflies. Grows to about 3 feet. Likes average moisture with well drained soils.</p>	
<p>Porterweed blue (<i>Stachytarpheta jamaicensis</i>) Reseeding annual; Full sun to partial shade; Average water; 2-3 feet in height; Swirly stems with blue/purple flowers. Attracts bees, butterflies, and Hummingbirds.</p>	
<p>Stoke's aster (<i>Stokesia laevis</i>) Native evergreen reseeding perennial; Full sun best; Average to routine water; 1.5 feet in height; Large purple flowers in later spring and again if deadheaded. Attracts bees and butterflies. We have white flowered types too.</p>	
<p>Cape honeysuckle (<i>Tecoma capensis</i>) Evergreen vine or shrub ; May freeze; Red-orange tubular flowers in late summer, fall. Full sun or partial shade, Likes moist, well drained soils. Frost tender in North Florida.</p>	
<p>Yellow bells (<i>Tecoma stans</i>) Deciduous shrub grows to 6-9 ft tall that will be covered with clusters of large yellow, trumpet shaped flowers in summer til fall; Prefers full sun to bloom best; grows in a variety of well drained soils.</p> <p>https://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/publication/ST625</p>	

<p>Blue sky vine (<i>Thunbergia grandiflora</i>) Frost tender perennial vine that grows up to 20 feet a season; pale blue tubular flowers; Twining</p>	
<p>Toad lily, variegated: (<i>Tricyrtis hirta</i>) Small groundcover plant for shady border edges. Prefers soils with some moisture but well drained; Attractive purple flowers in late summer.</p> 	
<p>Vitex (<i>Vitex negundo</i> var. <i>heterophylla</i>) Large, deciduous shrub for full sun areas. Multi stems plant grows up to 12 feet in height. Delicate purple flowers are a favorite of bees and other pollinators.</p> <p>https://gardenningsolutions.ifas.ufl.edu/plants/trees-and-shrubs/trees/chaste-tree.html</p>	
<p>Yellow buttercup: (<i>Turnera ulmifolia</i>) Tender perennial or annual; Full sun or light shade; Average water; 2-4 feet in height; Bright yellow flowers in summer; Attracts bees and butterflies.</p>	

Olympic Mullein (*Verbascum olympicum*)

Performs best in full sun in dry to medium, well-drained soils. Attractive to many pollinators. Can grow 8' tall with large cluster of yellow flowering spikes on top. Drought and salt tolerant

[Verbascum olympicum \(Olympic Mullein\) \(gardenia.net\)](http://Verbascum%20olympicum%20(Olympic%20Mullein)%20(gardenia.net))

**Ginger, Pine cone or Shampoo (*Zingiber zerumbet*)**

Grows best in part shade in well-drained soil; Dies back in winter; Grows 5-6 feet tall; Flower stalks emerge separate from stalk and are about 18" tall, begin green then turn red.

