Indigenous

Common names: Eng: wild kapok; Mate: mkaranga mti; Nyak: msyavala;

Swah: mkaranga mti.

Ecology: A tree of woodland or riverine forest, 600-1,100 m. It has

been introduced in the Kyela and Matengo highlands.

Uses: Plywood, food (seed), ornamental, fibre (bark), dye (bark),

stuffing for pillows.

Description: A tall tree to 36 m with a straight bole and medium crown

BARK: **yellow-green, smooth.** LEAVES: **compound with 3-7 leaflets like fingers of a hand,** each to 4 cm long FLOWERS: 5 petals, pale yellow, red or white, numerous anthers with red stamens; **calyx bell shaped.** FRUIT: oval brown **woody capsule about** 6 x 3 **cm,** which **splits open** to set free many seeds in dark red-brown fluffy kapok, i

**Propagation:** Seedlings, wildings.

**Seed info.:** No. of seeds per kg: 15,000-20,000.

treatment: no treatment required

storage: seeds susceptible to attacks by bugs. Viable up to 3 months

**Management:** Fast growing.

**Remarks:** A good food tree in sub-humid highlands and coastal areas

A red-brown dye is obtained from the bark.

